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Institute of Urban and Industrial Water Management, Chair of Process Engineering in Hydro Systems

Aachener Membran Kolloquium

Analysis of Impeller-Induced Shear Stress Distribution on a Membrane Surface in a Circular Test Cell for Porous Membranes

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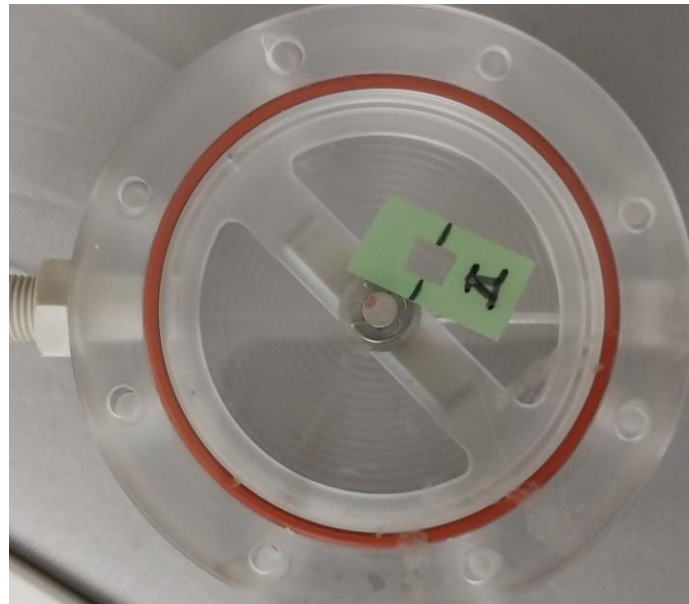
04.12.2024

Introduction

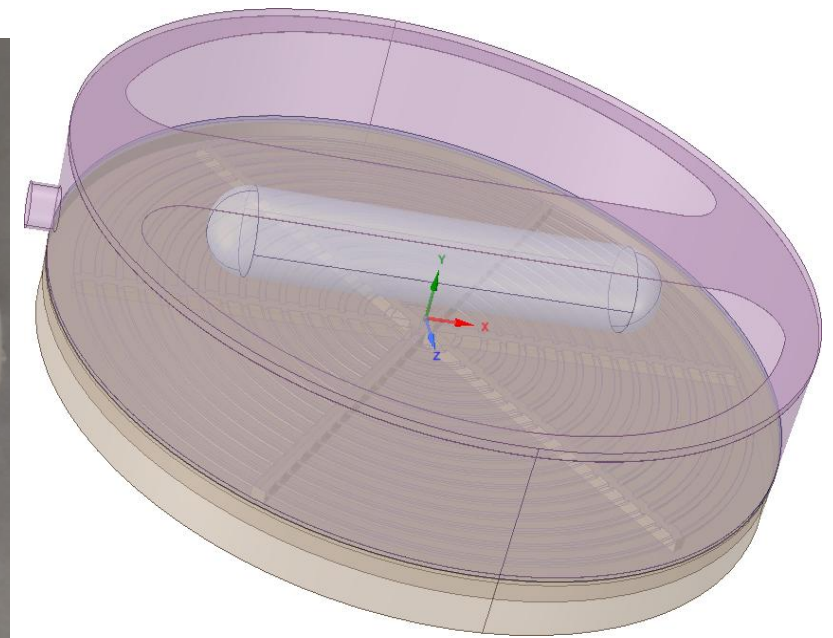
Fouling is a common issue in membrane bioreactors, significantly reducing their separation efficiency. Increasing surface shear force is an effective strategy for mitigating or reducing fouling. This study employed a shear-enhanced lab-scale membrane bioreactor, featuring a stationary circular membrane and a rotating impeller with a diameter of 35 mm, housed within a cylindrical cell with a diameter of 56 mm. The computational domain is further refined to closely mimic the real setup.



Laboratory set-up

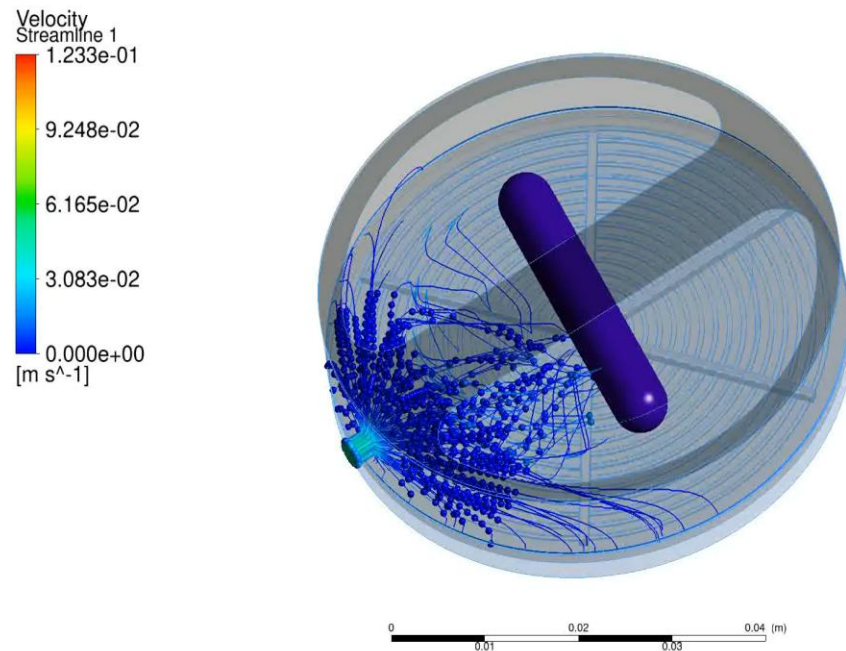


Circular Test Cell

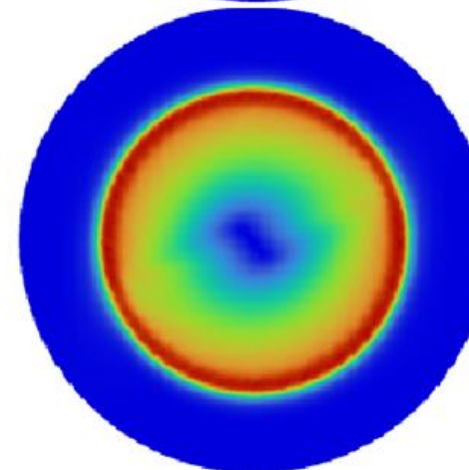
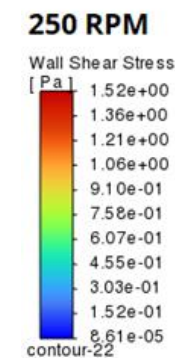
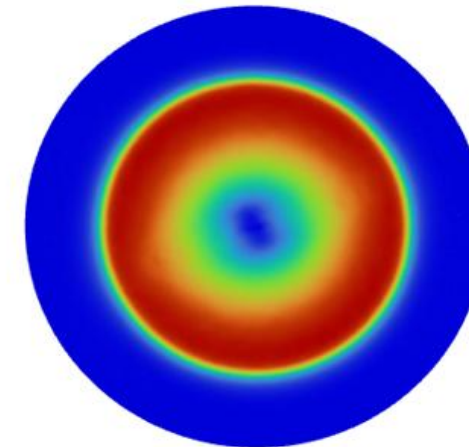
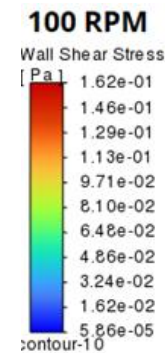


Computational domain for CFD analysis

Flow field simulations inside the membrane module were performed using the commercial Computational Fluid Dynamics (CFD) software, ANSYS Fluent.

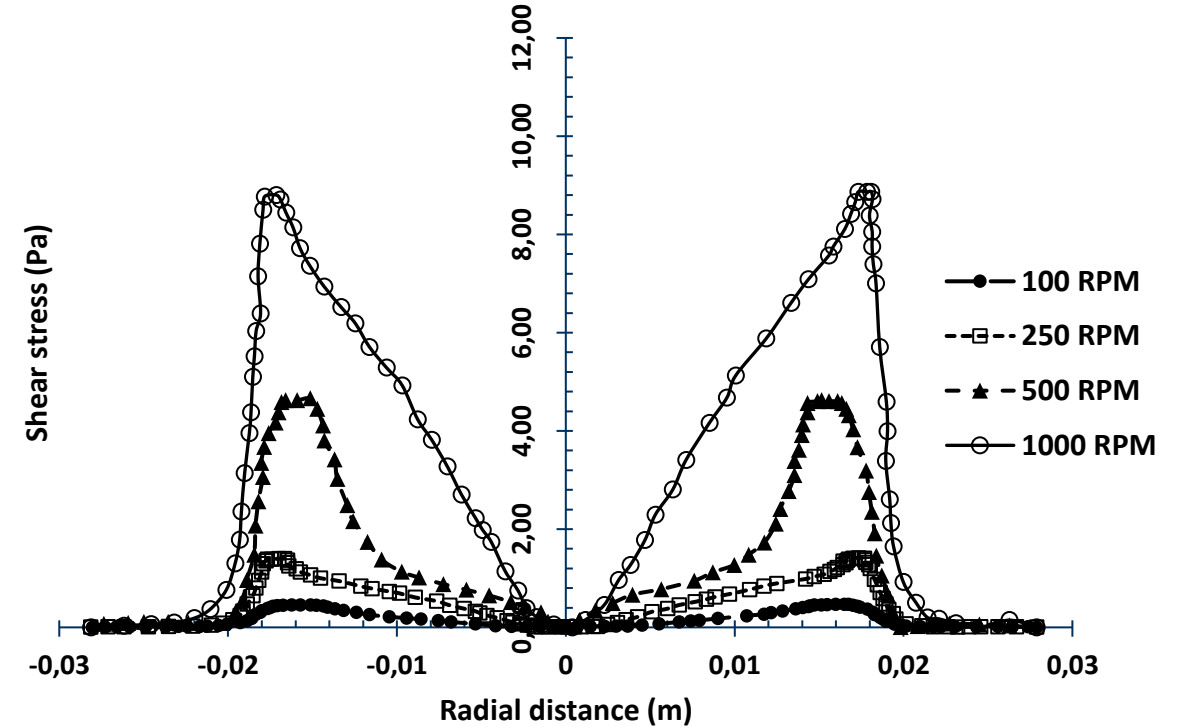
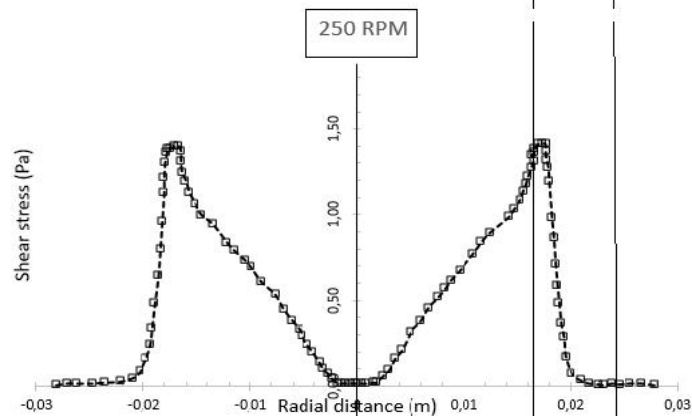
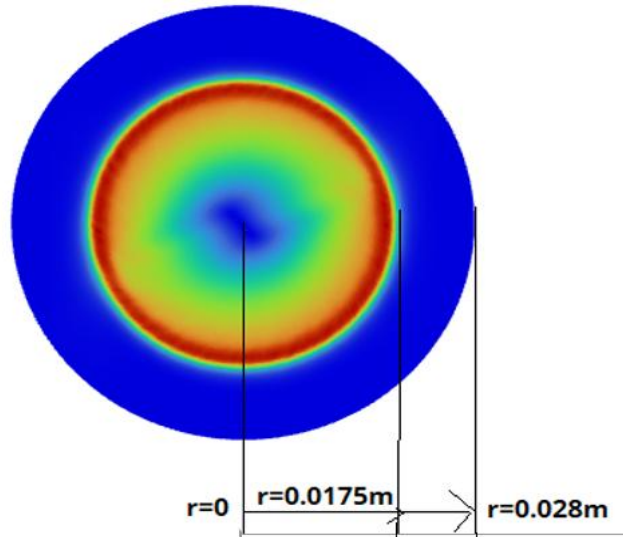
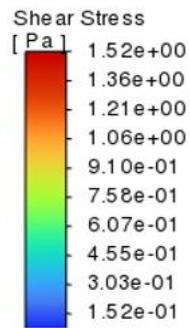


Fluid flow inside the cell



Contours of
shear stress

Results of CFD modeling

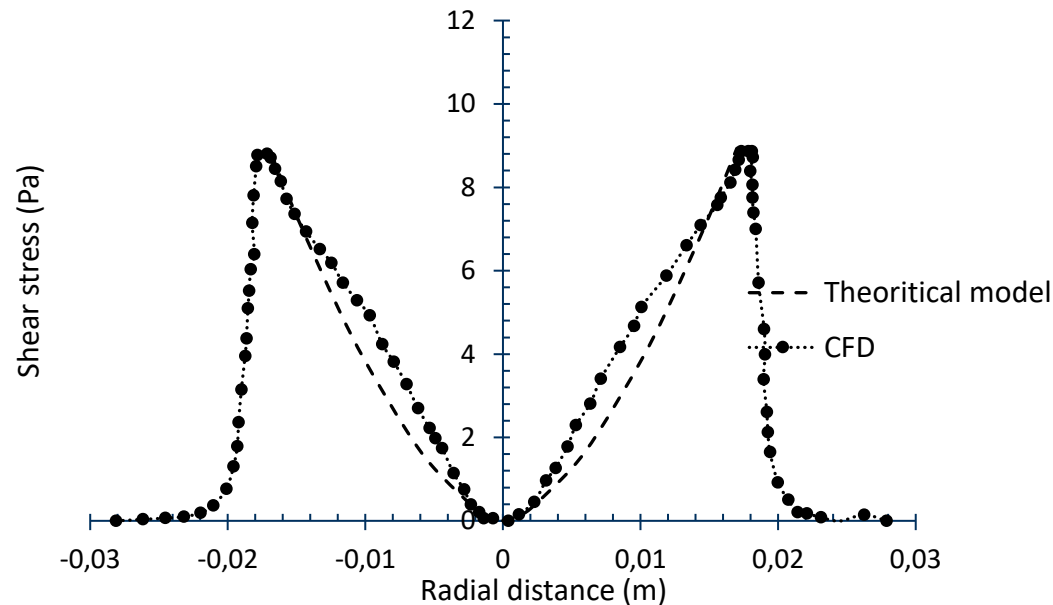


Shear stress distribution on the membrane surface

Validation of CFD predictions

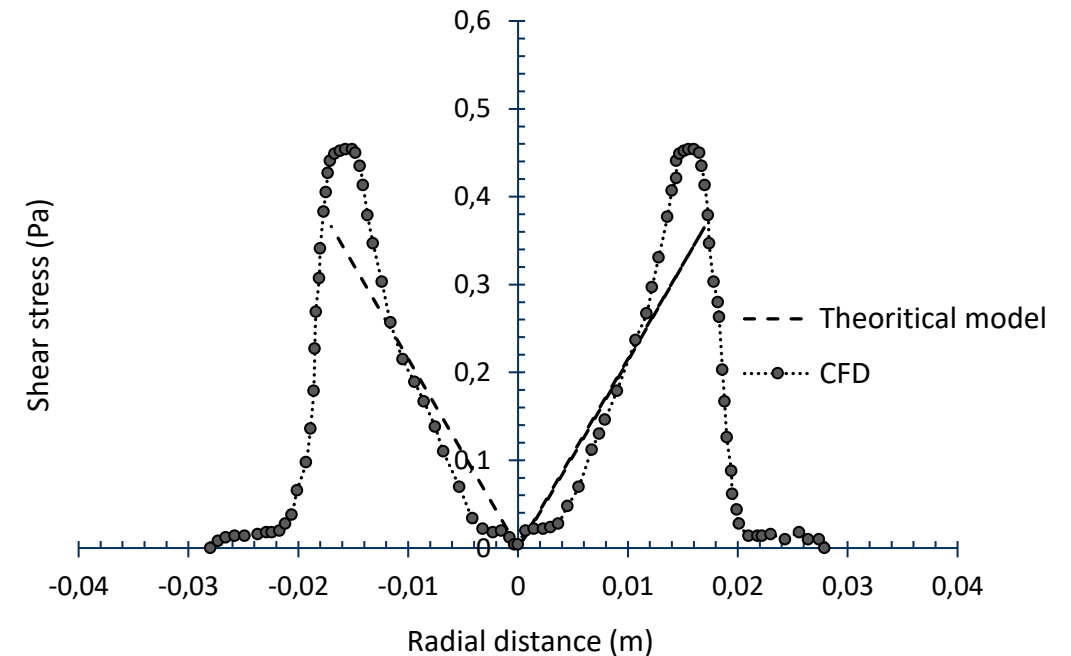
Laminar vs. Turbulent flow

Angular Velocity= 1000 RPM



Shear stress distribution under turbulent flow

Angular Velocity= 100 RPM



Shear stress distribution under laminar flow

Thank you for your attention!

The financial support of the **DFG**
is gratefully acknowledged.