# Mixing Description Logics in Privacy-Preserving Ontology Publishing

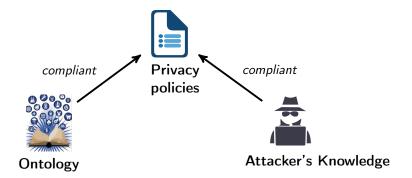
Franz Baader Adrian Nuradiansyah

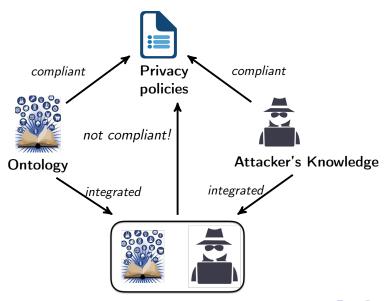
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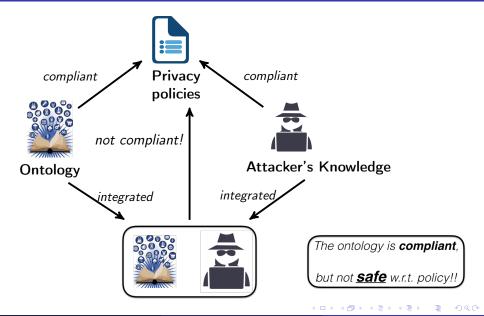
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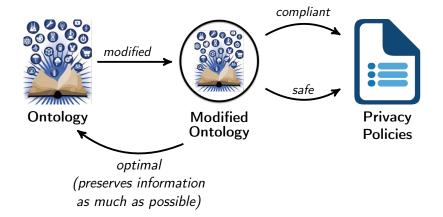


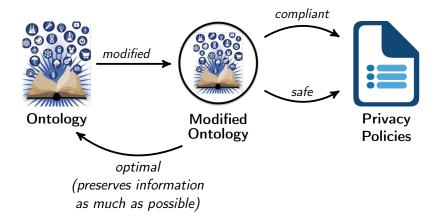












**Assumption:** Ontologies are formulated in Description Logics (DLs).

What are DLs?

## Description Logics

- The logical underpinning of Web Ontology Language (OWL)
- Commonly used in medical ontologies
- Decidable fragments of First Order Logics

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- The basic building blocks are:
  - N<sub>C</sub>: set of concept names A: Female, Doctor, Patient, . . .
  - $N_R$ : set of role names r: seenBy, suffer, hasSymptom, . . .
  - N<sub>I</sub>: set of individual names a: LINDA, CANCER . . .

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- The basic building blocks are:
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  - *N<sub>R</sub>*: set of role names *r*: seenBy, suffer, hasSymptom, . . .
  - N<sub>I</sub>: set of individual names a: LINDA, CANCER ...
- The formal semantics is introduced by means of an interpretation  $(\mathcal{I} = \Delta^{\mathcal{I}}, \cdot^{\mathcal{I}})$ 
  - $\Delta^{\mathcal{I}}$ : Non-empty domain elements
  - $A^{\mathcal{I}} \subset \Delta^{\mathcal{I}}$
  - $r^{\mathcal{I}} \subset \Delta^{\mathcal{I}} \times \Delta^{\mathcal{I}}$
  - $a^{\mathcal{I}} \in \Delta^{\mathcal{I}}$
- Using N<sub>C</sub>, N<sub>R</sub>, and N<sub>I</sub> as well as necessary constructors, the notion of DL concepts C, D, E are built.

# Description Logic Ontologies

- ullet A DL ontology  ${\mathfrak O}$  consists of a TBox  ${\mathcal T}$  and an ABox  ${\mathcal A}$
- An ABox A is a set of concept assertions C(a) and role assertions r(a, b)
   → knowledge about individuals

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# Description Logic Ontologies

- ullet A DL ontology  ${\mathfrak O}$  consists of a TBox  ${\mathcal T}$  and an ABox  ${\mathcal A}$
- A TBox T is a set of General Concept Inclusions (GCIs) C ⊆ D
   → hierarchical relationship between concepts
- An ABox A is a set of concept assertions C(a) and role assertions r(a, b)
   → knowledge about individuals
- ullet A DL Instance Store  $\mathfrak{D}'$  is a DL ontology without role assertions
- ullet A main reasoning task in DLs  $\Rightarrow$  Deciding subsumption between concepts
- A concept C is subsumed by a concept D, denoted by  $C \sqsubseteq D$ , iff  $C^{\mathcal{I}} \subseteq D^{\mathcal{I}}$  for all interpretations  $\mathcal{I}$ .

# Description Logic $\mathcal{FLE}$ and Its Fragments

- $\mathcal{FLE}$  concepts  $C := \top$  (top)  $|A| C \sqcap C$  (conjunction)  $|\exists r.C$  (existential restriction)  $|\forall r.C$  (universal restriction)
- Semantics of some  $\mathcal{FLE}$  concepts:
  - $(\exists r.C)^{\mathcal{I}} = \{d \mid \text{there is } e \in \Delta^{\mathcal{I}} \text{ such that } (d,e) \in r^{\mathcal{I}} \land e \in C^{\mathcal{I}}\}$
  - $(\forall r.C)^{\mathcal{I}} = \{d \mid \text{for all } e \in \Delta^{\mathcal{I}} \text{ if } (d,e) \in r^{\mathcal{I}}, \text{ then } e \in C^{\mathcal{I}}\}$
- Fragments of  $\mathcal{FLE}$ :
  - the DL  $\mathcal{EL}$  (excluding value restrictions)
  - the DL  $\mathcal{FL}_0$  (excluding existential restrictions)

# Problem Setting: PPOP for $\mathcal{EL}$ Instance Stores



 ${\cal EL}$  Instance Stores without TBox

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 $\mathcal{EL}$  Instance Stores without TBox

$$C_1(a), C_2(a)$$
 implies  $(C_1 \sqcap C_2)(a)$ 

only one concept assertion speaking about one individual

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Published Information (an  $\mathcal{EL}$  Concept  $\mathcal{C}$ )



Attacker's Knowledge an  $\mathcal{EL}$  /  $\mathcal{FL}_0$  /  $\mathcal{F}$ 

(an  $\mathcal{EL}$  /  $\mathcal{FL}_0$  /  $\mathcal{FLE}$ Concept E)



Privacy Policy (a finite set of  $\mathcal{EL}$  concepts)  $\{D_1, \ldots, D_p\}$ 

- Given an  $\mathcal{EL}$  concept C (published information) and an  $\mathcal{EL}$  policy  $\mathcal{P}$
- Given a quantifier symbol  $Q \in \{\exists, \forall, \forall \exists\}$  and a DL  $\mathcal{L}_{\exists} = \mathcal{EL}, \mathcal{L}_{\forall} = \mathcal{FL}_{0}, \mathcal{L}_{\forall \exists} = \mathcal{FLE}$

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### Compliance, Safety, Optimality

1. the  $\mathcal{L}_Q$  concept C' is **compliant with**  $\mathcal{P}$  if  $C' \not\sqsubseteq D_i$  for all  $i = 1, \ldots, p$ ,

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  - Q-safe for  $\mathcal{P}$  if for all  $\mathcal{L}_Q$  concepts E (attackers' knowledge) that are compliant with  $\mathcal{P}$ ,  $C' \sqcap E$  is also compliant with  $\mathcal{P}$ ,

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  - a Q-safe generalization of C for  $\mathcal{P}$  if  $C \sqsubseteq C'$  and C' is Q-safe for  $\mathcal{P}$ ,
  - an **optimal** Q-safe generalization of C for P if
    - C' is a Q-safe generalization of C for  $\mathcal P$  and
    - there is no *Q*-safe generalization C'' of C for  $\mathcal{P}$  s.t.  $C'' \sqsubset C'$ .

#### **Privacy Policy** $P = \{D\}$ about *LINDA*



 $D = \textit{Patient} \sqcap \exists \textit{seenBy}. (\textit{Doctor} \sqcap \exists \textit{worksIn}. \textit{Oncology})$ 

### Original Published Information C about LINDA



 $C = Patient \sqcap Female$  $\sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap Male \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 

Note *C* is not **compliant with** and *Q*-safe for *D* for  $Q \in \{\exists, \forall, \forall \exists\}$ 

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#### Modification



 $\textit{C}_1 = \textit{Female} \, \sqcap \, \exists \textit{seenBy}. (\textit{Doctor} \, \sqcap \, \textit{Male} \, \sqcap \, \exists \textit{worksIn}. \textit{Oncology})$ 

Note  $C \sqsubseteq C_1$  and  $C_1$  complies with D

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 $D = Patient \sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 

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### ∃-Attacker is Coming!



 $C_1 = Female \sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap Male \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 



He knows Patient(LINDA)

#### Privacy Policy $P = \{D\}$ about LINDA



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Note *C* is not **compliant with** and *Q*-safe for *D* for  $Q \in \{\exists, \forall, \forall \exists\}$ 

#### Linked and Revealed!



 $\textit{C}_1 = \textit{Female} \, \sqcap \, \exists \textit{seenBy}. (\textit{Doctor} \, \sqcap \, \textit{Male} \, \sqcap \, \exists \textit{worksIn}. \textit{Oncology})$ 

□ Patient

Note D(LINDA) is **revealed** 

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 $C = Patient \sqcap Female$  $\sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap Male \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 

Note *C* is not **compliant with** and *Q*-safe for *D* for  $Q \in \{\exists, \forall, \forall \exists\}$ 

#### Modification



 $C_2 = Female \sqcap \exists seenBy. (Doctor \sqcap Male \sqcap \exists worksIn. \top)$  $\sqcap \exists seenBy. (Male \sqcap worksIn. Oncology)$ 

 $C_2$  is the (unique) **optimal**  $\exists$ -safe generalization for D

### Privacy Policy $P = \{D\}$ about LINDA



 $D = Patient \sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 

#### Original **Published Information** C about LINDA



$$C = Patient \sqcap Female$$
  
 $\sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap Male \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 

Note *C* is not **compliant with** and *Q*-safe for *D* for  $Q \in \{\exists, \forall, \forall \exists\}$ 

#### **∀-Attacker is Coming!**



$$C_2 = Female \sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap Male \sqcap \exists worksIn. \top)$$
  
 $\sqcap \exists seenBy.(Male \sqcap worksIn.Oncology)$ 



He knows ( $Patient \sqcap \forall seenBy. \forall worksIn. Oncology$ )(LINDA)

#### **Privacy Policy** $P = \{D\}$ about *LINDA*



 $D = Patient \sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 

#### Original **Published Information** C about LINDA



$$C = Patient \sqcap Female$$
  
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C_2 = Female \sqcap \exists seenBy. (Doctor \sqcap Male \sqcap \exists worksIn. \top)

\sqcap \exists seenBy. (Male \sqcap worksIn. Oncology)

\sqcap Patient \sqcap \forall seenBy. \forall worksIn. Oncology
```

D(LINDA) is revealed again

### **Privacy Policy** $P = \{D\}$ about *LINDA*



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 $C = Patient \sqcap Female$  $\sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap Male \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 

Note *C* is not **compliant with** and *Q*-safe for *D* for  $Q \in \{\exists, \forall, \forall \exists\}$ 

#### Modification



 $C_3 = Female \sqcap Patient \sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap Male)$ 

Note  $C_3$  is an **optimal**  $\forall$ -safe generalization for D

### Privacy Policy $P = \{D\}$ about LINDA



 $D = Patient \sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 

#### Original **Published Information** C about LINDA



 $C = Patient \sqcap Female$  $\sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap Male \sqcap \exists worksIn.Oncology)$ 

Note *C* is not **compliant with** and *Q*-safe for *D* for  $Q \in \{\exists, \forall, \forall \exists\}$ 

### $\forall \exists$ -Attacker is Coming!



 $C_3 = Female \sqcap Patient \sqcap \exists seenBy.(Doctor \sqcap Male)$ 



He knows  $(\forall seenBy. \exists worksIn. Oncology)(LINDA)$ 

#### Privacy Policy $P = \{D\}$ about LINDA



 $D = \textit{Patient} \sqcap \exists \textit{seenBy}. (\textit{Doctor} \sqcap \exists \textit{worksIn}. \textit{Oncology})$ 

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 $C = Patient \sqcap Female$ 

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#### Linked and Revealed!



 $C_3 = \textit{Female} \, \sqcap \, \textit{Patient} \, \sqcap \, \exists \textit{seenBy}. (\textit{Doctor} \, \sqcap \, \textit{Male})$ 

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Note *C* is not **compliant with** and *Q*-safe for *D* for  $Q \in \{\exists, \forall, \forall \exists\}$ 

#### Modification



$$C_4 = Female$$

Note  $C_4$  is the **optimal**  $\forall \exists$ -safe generalization for D!

# Our Decision and Computational Problems

Given  $Q \in \{\forall, \forall \exists\}$ , a published information ( $\mathcal{EL}$  concept)  $\mathcal{C}$ , an  $\mathcal{EL}$  policy  $\mathcal{P}$ .

#### **Decision Problems**

- Q-Safety: Is an  $\mathcal{EL}$  concept  $C_1$  Q-safe for a policy  $\mathcal{P}$ ?
- Q-Optimality: Is an  $\mathcal{EL}$  concept  $C_1$  an optimal Q-safe generalization of C for  $\mathcal{P}$ ?

### Computational Problem

Find an  $\mathcal{EL}$  concept  $C_1$  s.t  $C_1$  is an optimal Q-safe generalization of C for  $\mathcal{P}$ !

**compliance**, ∃-**safety** and ∃-**optimality** have been investigated by (Baader, Kriegel, Nuradiansyah in JELIA 2019)

Decision Problems	<b>Q</b> = ∃	$\mathbf{Q} = \forall$	<b>Q</b> = ∀∃
Q-safety	PTime*	PTime	PTime
Q-optimality	coNP* and Dual-hard*	coNP and Dual-hard	PTime

Table: Complexity results of decision problems on PPOP for  $\mathcal{EL}$  instance stores

Computational Problems	<b>Q</b> = ∃	$\mathbf{Q} = \forall$	<b>Q</b> = ∀∃
Optimal Q-safe Generalization(s)	ExpTime*	ExpTime	PTime

Table: Complexity of computing one/all optimal Q-safe generalizations for  ${\mathcal P}$ 

\* investigated by (Baader, Kriegel, and Nuradiansyah in JELIA 2019)

Decision Problems	$\mathbf{Q} = \forall$	$\mathbf{Q} = \forall$	$\mathbf{Q} = \forall \exists$
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Optimal Q-safe	ExpTime*	ExpTime	PTime
Generalization(s)	LxpTille	Ехртіпіс	1 Tille

#### Reasons:

- Given an  $\mathcal{EL}$  concept D, con(D) is the set of all atoms (A or  $\exists r.D'$ ) in the top-level conjunction of D.
- Computing all minimal hitting sets of  $con(D_1), \ldots, con(D_p)$ , where  $\mathcal{P} = \{D_1, \ldots, D_p\}$ .
- The computation is performed recursively on the role depth of the published information C

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Q-safety	PTime*	PTime	PTime
Q-optimality	coNP* and Dual-hard*	coNP and Dual-hard	PTime

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Optimal Q-safe	ExpTime*	ExpTime	PTime
Generalization(s)	LxpTille	LxpTille	Fillie

#### Reasons:

- ullet Check if  $C_1$  is an orall-safe generalization of C for  $\mathcal P$
- Check if there is  $C_2$  s.t.  $C \sqsubseteq C_2 \sqsubset C_1$ , where  $C_2$  is a not  $\forall$ -safe generalization of C for  $\mathcal{P}$
- There is an NP algorithm to guess such concept  $C_2$  (Baader, Kriegel, Nuradiansyah in JELIA 2019)

Decision Problems	<b>Q</b> = ∃	$\mathbf{Q} = \forall$	<b>Q</b> = ∀∃
Q-safety	PTime*	PTime	PTime
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Computational Problems	<b>Q</b> = ∃	$\mathbf{Q} = \forall$	<b>Q</b> = ∀∃
Optimal Q-safe	ExpTime*	EvnTimo	PTime
Generalization(s)	Exprime	Exprime	Fillie

#### Reasons:

- ∀-Optimality is coNP-hard? Don't know yet
- There is a polynomial reduction of Dual problem to  $\forall$ -optimality Given two families of inclusion-comparable sets  $\mathcal G$  and  $\mathcal H$ , Dual asks whether  $\mathcal H$  consists exactly of the minimal hitting sets of  $\mathcal G$ .

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#### Reasons:

## $\forall \exists$ -Safety and $\forall \exists$ -Optimality

C is  $\forall \exists$ -safe for  $\mathcal{P}$  iff

- 1.  $A \notin con(C)$  for all concept names  $A \in con(D_1) \cup ... \cup con(D_p)$ , and
- 2. for all existential restrictions  $\exists r.D' \in \text{con}(D_1) \cup \ldots \cup \text{con}(D_p)$ , there is no concept of the form  $\exists r.E \in \text{con}(C)$

### Conclusions and Future Work

#### **Conclusions:**

- Investigate PPOP for  $\mathcal{EL}$  Instance Stores
- ullet Considering **attacker's knowledge** to be given by an  $\mathcal{FL}_0$  or  $\mathcal{FLE}$  concept
- Deciding *Q*-safety and *Q*-optimality, where  $Q \in \{\forall, \forall \exists\}$ .
- ullet Computing **optimal** Q-safe generalizations of  $\mathcal{EL}$  concepts for  $\mathcal P$

**Note:** the stronger the attacker's knowledge, the more radical we need to change the concept to make it safe

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#### Future Work:

- ullet PPOP in  $\mathcal{EL}$  ABoxes, including role assertions (Ongoing!)
- ullet PPOP in  $\mathcal{EL}$  Instance Stores w.r.t. (General) TBoxes
- Playing with more different or expressive DLs

# Thank You

